Tech Jobs for Refugees: A Pathway to Integration and Economic Growth

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Introduction

The global migration crisis has prompted innovative solutions to integrate refugees into host societies. One of the most promising pathways for economic inclusion is coding schools, which offer training in software development for refugees. The report "Tech Jobs for Refugees: Assessing the Potential of Coding Schools for Refugee Integration in Germany," authored by Ben Mason and published by the Migration Policy Institute Europe, critically examines the viability of coding schools...

This article summarizes and reviews the key findings of the report, analyzing the impact of coding schools on refugee employment, their effectiveness in overcoming integration challenges, and the policy implications for stakeholders in education, government, and the private sector.



The Promise of Coding Schools for Refugee Integration

Germany, which received over a million refugees in 2015–2016, faced immense pressure to integrate these newcomers into its labor market. Traditional employment services struggled to cope, leading to the emergence of alternative programs like coding schools. These institutions train refugees in software development, a field with high demand and relatively low entry barriers compared to other skilled professions.

Tech jobs offer higher salaries and social mobility than many other employment options available to refugees. The flexibility of the IT sector, where proficiency in English often suffices, makes it a particularly attractive field for displaced individuals whose professional qualifications may not be recognized in Germany. Moreover, software development skills are globally transferable, offering refugees career prospects beyond Germany's borders.

The Challenges of Scaling Refugee Coding Schools

Despite their promise, coding schools face several challenges in expanding their impact:

- **Limited Reach**: Coding schools primarily benefit refugees who are already well-educated and digitally literate. Many refugees lack the foundational knowledge required to excel in software development.
- Language Barriers: While English is often the primary working language in tech, many German employers still require proficiency in German, limiting employment opportunities.
- Workplace Culture and Soft Skills: Successful employment in IT requires not only technical expertise but also familiarity with workplace norms, teamwork, and problem-solving skills.
- **High Investment Requirements**: Training an individual to become job-ready in tech takes significant time and resources, making coding schools a high-cost initiative with a relatively small direct impact.

The Indirect Benefits of Coding Schools

Even if only a fraction of refugees trained in coding schools secure IT jobs, the benefits extend beyond direct employment:

- **Expanding Social Networks**: Coding schools provide mentorship and exposure to professional networks, which can lead to employment in other sectors.
- **Transferable Skills**: Logical thinking and problem-solving abilities gained from coding education are useful across various industries.
- **Psychological Well-being**: Learning a new skill in a structured, supportive environment helps refugees regain confidence and a sense of purpose.
- Improving Public Perception: Success stories from refugee coding school graduates can positively influence public opinion on refugee integration.

Policy Implications and Recommendations

Governments and policymakers can take steps to maximize the impact of refugee coding schools:

- 1. **Increase Flexibility in Certification Requirements**: Regulatory frameworks should allow alternative education models to gain certification without excessive bureaucratic hurdles.
- 2. **Integrate Language Training with Coding Education**: Offering German language classes alongside tech training can improve employment outcomes.
- 3. **Encourage Employer Partnerships**: More collaborations between coding schools and companies can create direct hiring pipelines.
- 4. **Expand Access to Basic Digital Literacy**: Establishing preparatory programs can help more refugees develop the foundational skills needed to succeed in coding courses.
- 5. **Provide Financial Support and Scalability Initiatives**: Governments and private-sector stakeholders should consider funding models that allow coding schools to reach a broader audience.

Conclusion

The "Tech Jobs for Refugees" report highlights the immense potential of coding schools in fostering refugee integration while also acknowledging their limitations. While these programs are unlikely to be a mass solution for refugee employment, they serve as a crucial model for high-impact, skills-based integration strategies. By addressing existing challenges through policy adaptations and investment, refugee coding schools can become a cornerstone of sustainable economic inclusion for displaced individuals.

As digital economies continue to expand, innovative educational models like coding schools will play a key role in shaping the future of workforce integration. The success of such initiatives depends on collaborative efforts between governments, non-profits, and the private sector to create pathways for refugees to thrive in the tech industry and beyond.

Reference

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- This article: "Tech Jobs for Refugees: A Pathway to Integration and Economic Growth."
- Additional sources as relevant from the Migration Policy Institute and related research.

The link to the article:

https://www.migrationpolicy.org/sites/default/files/publications/TechJobsRefugees Final.pdf